

SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXI NO. 82

SEYMORE, INDIANA, FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1912.

PRICE TWO CENTS

C. B. MITCHELL IS PROMOTED

Seymour Man Appointed Assistant to General Manager Galloway of B. & O. S-W.

WILL NOT MOVE FROM SEYMORE

Though Headquarters are in Cincinnati—His Successor—Division Operator's Office Coming.

E. B. Mitchell of Seymour, who has since Jan. 1, 1911 been trainmaster of the Indiana division of the B. & O. S-W. with headquarters here, has received a substantial promotion in the service having been appointed Assistant Superintendent and assigned to special service. The appointment was announced Thursday by General Superintendent Galloway of Cincinnati and takes effect today. The office has just been created and Mr. Mitchell's duties will be in the nature of an assistant to Mr. Galloway.

His headquarters will be in Cincinnati but as he will probably be on the road a considerable part of the time and likes Seymour he will probably not move from here. Before coming to this division he was Assistant Trainmaster of the Ohio division.

The successor to Mr. Mitchell as master will be C. A. Pluny who seen division operator with headquarters in Cincinnati. He expects to come to this city. His successor to be M. A. McCarthy, chief blockatcher at Cincinnati.

With the change of officials the division operator's office will be transferred to Seymour which means removal of Mr. McCarthy to this

He will have offices in the company's building here. By the way this city therefore makes a

corn improvement train is to be over the B. & O. S-W. by Purdon's March 19 to 22. The date he visit here has not been announced yet but Supt. Hagerty states the train will spend the night in Seymour and a big public meeting will be held. Supt. Christie of Purdon is preparing to send out a large number of notices to farmers along the line inviting them to meet the man and attend the lecturers.

Mrs. Schobert's cakes, Taggart's rolls, sweet potatoes, tarts, celery, lettuce, oysters. Teckwiler's.

Your free package Conkey's Laying hen and Big Poultry Book are here. Ill before they are gone. Rucker's Store. m-w-f

Lettuce, radishes, green onions, celery and lettuce, The Model Grocery.

Sweet pea, and nasturtium seed. New crop, now ready, The Greenhouse, Phone 58. mldtf

Mortgage exemptions filed by Clara Assman, Room 2, Masonic Temple. m2d-7w

Try a package of our Queen City own Seed. The Bee Hive. m2d

K-O-D-A-K
There is a Special Charm to the Pictures made about your own fireside. Let us show you how simple picture taking is the Kodak way. Kodaks \$5.00 up. Brownies \$1.00 to \$12.00. Come in and see. Headquarters for Amateur Supplies

Andrews Drug Co.

THE Rexall STORE

Registered Pharmacist

SAVED BY LEG

Handcuffed Negro Dived From the Train Near Seymour.

The National Democrat of Jeffersonville says:

William Smith, a negro parole violator, being brought back by Field Agent Rafferty to the Indiana Reformatory from Marion, Ia., tried to leap from the train near Seymour although the train was running about 50 miles an hour and he was handcuffed. Rafferty caught his leg as the convict dived through a window and held him until a porter helped him, probably saving his prisoner's life thereby. Smith was sent up from Terre Haute for grand larceny and was paroled in 1909.

UNLESS EXCUSED

Teachers Must Work on Holidays Says Honan.

Attorney General Honan has written a letter to W. B. Bilkerton of Cataract, Ind., in which he holds that when a teacher has signed a contract he is expected to work on legal holidays unless excused. Mr. Bilkerton asked if he might obtain double pay for being forced to work on Lincoln's birthday.

The ruling is of interest in Seymour and Jackson county and throughout the state.

HEAVY DAMAGES WERE AWARDED

Henry Marshall Formerly of Seymour Given \$8,000 Verdict Against The B. & O. S-W.

LOST AN ARM WHILE BRAKING

Accident Occurred at Mitchell About a Year Ago.—Signal Was Misunderstood.

Henry Marshall of Mitchell, who formerly lived in Seymour, has won a big victory in his suit for damages against the B. & O. Southwestern. A jury in the circuit court at Paoli awarded him a verdict of \$8,000 against the railroad company after a trial in which a strong array of attorneys appeared for both sides. The jury was out only an hour.

The damages were awarded Marshall for the loss of his right arm about a year ago while he was an employee of the road. He was a brakeman and while his train was switching in Mitchell yards he gave a signal for it to go ahead and then stepped behind the ears. The signal was misunderstood and instead of going ahead the engineer backed the train and Marshall was knocked down and his arm crushed off.

He filed suit in the Lawrence county court for \$20,000 damages but the case was finally sent to Orange county on a change of venue.

Marshall lived in Seymour at one time and was employed at the Hadley poultry house. He moved from here to Mitchell several years ago and engaged in the poultry business there. Later he began work for the B. & O. He has a wife and several children.

Seymour Business College Phone 403.

Electric Light Bulbs 10c. The Bee Hive.

m2d

Landreths Garden Seed at The Bee Hive.

m2d

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3.)

ELECTION OF THE OFFICERS

For the Coming Year By the Eleventh District Missionary Convention.

NEXT YEAR'S MEETING PLACE

Central Christian Church at Columbus Selected.—Program of The Sessions.

The members of the Christian church congregation were agreeably surprised last night at the meeting of the eleventh district missionary convention when the chairman announced that Rev. T. J. Legg was in the house and would make the principal address of the evening in the absence of Rev. W. H. Book of Columbus, who was unable to be here. Rev. Legg aided in reorganizing the Christian church here several years ago and held a meeting here which was the means of helping clear the debt and putting things into good working order.

A hearty welcome was given him by the convention last night. His address dealt with the historical facts relative to the work in the various districts in the state, and gave briefly the list of towns without Christian churches. Rev. Mr. Legg is thoroughly acquainted with Indiana and is one of the strongest workers the denomination has in the field.

Prof. W. C. Morro of Butler College, was present and gave an interesting talk on the religious side of college life.

A large number of delegates are attending the convention from the forty churches of the district. The latter is made up of the counties of Jackson, Decatur, Bartholomew, Brown and Jennings.

The first session of the convention Thursday afternoon was well attended and some excellent addresses were made by Garry L. Cook and W. D. Bartle. Elder Harley Jackson presided.

At the session this morning the convention officers for the coming year were elected as follows: President, Harley Jackson of Seymour; Vice-president, J. J. Bare of Vandalia; Secretary, George Rader of Seymour; Sunday School Superintendent, M. C. Milligan of Brownstown.

The next convention will be held at the Central Christian church at Columbus.

This afternoon Mrs. R. M. Thomas of Greensburg, Mrs. O. M. Griest of Shoals and Mrs. Frank Wells of Indianapolis had charge of the C. W. B. M. session.

Word was received from Marshal T. Reeves of Columbus that if the convention would appoint a district evangelist he will pay \$35 a month on the evangelist's salary. Rev. William Chapple of Columbus was appointed.

Notice.

We will have four teachers in our Night School March first. We believe we are now prepared to accommodate all who wish to enter. m2d

SEYMORE BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Electric Light Bulbs 10c. The Bee Hive.

m2d

Landreths Garden Seed at The Bee Hive.

m2d

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3.)

COMMERCIAL CLUB

Every Business Man Should Attend The Meeting at the City Building.

Immediately following the meeting of the Seymour Improvement Co., a meeting will be held at the City Building this evening for the purpose of planning a reorganization of the Seymour Commercial Club. This club was organized originally in 1901 and was maintained for a few years. It was incorporated for a period of fifty years and the things to be considered tonight will be the election of officers and the consideration of the by-laws as adapted to present needs.

Every man who is interested in the welfare of Seymour should be present this evening and help form plans that will aid in the development of our good city. Seymour has many natural advantages, which can be placed before investors and manufacturers that will aid materially in locating new industries here and give employment to more of our people. There are people continually looking for bettering their locations. Without someone to consider propositions it results in no action being taken to secure them for Seymour. This is one of the best towns of its size in Indiana and there is no reason why it should not advance materially within the next few years. Be sure to attend the meeting tonight and help start the work again.

ARM WAS DRAWN AGAINST SAW

Distressing Accident This Afternoon At D'Hear-Swain Lumber Company's Mill.

LEWIS AUFFENBERG VICTIM

Was Taken to Schneck Hospital. Shock of Accident Was Very Great.

A distressing accident occurred about 1 o'clock this afternoon at the D'Hear-Swain Lumber Company's mill on West Second street and by it Louis Auffenberg, an employee, lost an arm.

Mr. Auffenberg was working at one of the large saws and in some way his coat was caught in the machinery and his left arm was drawn against the saw. The arm was cut off just below the elbow.

The injured man was taken to the Schneck hospital as soon as possible for treatment. The shock of the accident was very great and Mr. Auffenberg's condition is considered serious.

He is 36 years old and his home is on West Brown street. He has a large family.

The wrecking crew was called to Riverville this morning to rerail several cars from train No. 56. They were side swiped and knocked from the tracks by another train.

Fresh cakes, pies and doughnuts every day. Loerz's Bakery, South Chestnut street.

Landreths Garden Seed at The Bee Hive.

m2d

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3.)

MANUFACTURER

MADE REQUEST

That Much Needed Improvement of Street and Walks Be Made.

ACTION TAKEN BY COUNCIL

New Sewer in Read-Jordan Addition Ordered.—Davison's Address. Other Business.

Died in Montana.

The Inland Empire of Moore, Montana gives an account of the death and funeral of Mrs. E. F. Hersey on Dec. 22. She was formerly Bert Misner of Medora. The Empire says in part:

Bertine Lenore Misner was born Medora, Indiana, on September 1878. She was the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Misner, with her children, came to Montauk in 1891, settling near Utica and later moving into Utica where Mr. Misner is now postmaster. She was married to E. F. Hersey at Utica on November 1st, 1897, and to them three children were born, Ella, Helen and Maxine. Besides her husband and children she is survived by her father and mother, and a sister, Mrs. A. J. Goyins, who resides near Stanford. Mr. Hersey and family have resided in Moore for a number of years, Mr. Hersey being manager of the Moore Mercantile company, and have a host of friends who mourn with them at the heartfelt sympathy of all extended to them in their hour of sorrow.

Auxiliary Notice.

The ladies of the Hospital Auxiliary will hold their regular business meeting at 2:30 p. m. Monday afternoon, March 4 at the home of Mrs. Lawrence Ebner on North Walnut street. After the business session lunch will be served and a free will offering taken for the hospital. All the members are urged to be present.

Rev. Terrell is conducting a revival meeting in the Reddington Christian church.

Ed. Schad of North Booth street was taken quite sick last night about 9 o'clock.

L. B. Thompson has gone to Louisville where he has a job in the Illinois Central yards.

Sheriff Jerry McOske took Mac Williamson to the Southeastern hospital at Madison Thursday afternoon.

Harry, the small son of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Thompson of South Poplar street, has been very sick but is better.

John Lizenny has been circulating a petition asking the council to appoint him a police officer when vacancy occurs.

The local Odd Fellows degree students went to Crothersville Thursday evening to confer the first degree on several candidates.

Mrs. Solomon Miller of Redding who has been quite sick for some time was admitted to the Schneck hospital today for treatment.

F. C. EuDaly was at Medora today where he installed gasoline lighting systems in Mike Turney's general store and the U. B. church.

No. 6 south bound Pennsylvania train due here at 5:55 a. m. was held 30 minutes this morning on account of pulling out a draw bar.

The Country Club gave a dinner Society hall last night. A large number were present and enjoyed the evening lunch was served.

Lloyd Carter and Mrs. A. D. Shutt were probably the only two people in Seymour who celebrated their birthday Thursday, Feb. 29, for the first time in four years.

ROUND TRIP EXCURSIONS

Every Saturday and Sunday Seymour to Louisville \$1.25 and Jeffersonville \$1.20 via

I. & L. Traction Co.

Tickets sold good going on any train on Saturdays and Sundays, and good returning on any train until Monday.

Nickelodeon

3-GOOD REELS-3

"A MID WINTER NIGHT'S DREAM" (Lubin Drama)

"ARMY AVIATION PRACTICE" (Instructive)

"PAINTED WOMAN NO. 3" "THE BLACK ARROW" (Edison Drama)



Take out that FIRE INSURANCE NOW!

Don't put it off until tomorrow—a fire might occur tonight.

You don't have to pay us a visit to have your property insured—just call No. 316 and we will place your insurance AT ONCE and deliver the policy to your place of business or home.

Only A-1, conservative, strong companies are represented by this agency.

Rice & Hutchins shoe makers for the whole family.

Electric Light Bulbs 10c. The Bee Hive.

m2d

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3.)

ROSS-SHOES

The Gold Star is opposite us.

ROSS-SHOES

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, HARRY J. MARTIN
Editors and Publishers.

Entered at the Post Office, Seymour, Indiana, Post-
Second-class Matter.

DAILY	\$1.00
One Year	\$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10
WEEKLY Advance	\$1.00

FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1912.

Heart to Heart
Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE

THE ART OF KINDNESS.

In the history of kindness which alone makes the world tolerable. If it were not for that, for the effect of kind words, multiplying, spreading, making one happy with another and bringing forth benevolence, some sixty, some a thousand, I should be tempted to think it's a practical jest.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Your friend or neighbor has failed in some enterprise or slipped a cog somewhere or lost his job. He is hungry for a little sympathy, though too proud to show it.

Your disapproval will only add salt to his wound.

An acquaintance has committed an error of which he is ashamed. He did wrong, but will you help him on or tell him down?

Be big and help him.

By turning a deaf ear and an unsympathetic heart toward your wayward brother or sister you betray your unkindness and harden your heart.

God radiates and uplifts; great souls are God-like. Can you fancy a pitiful God who sneers at the human who fails or fails? No more can a good human soul do that.

When all this sad world needs is just the art of being kind.

There is where most of us miss it—falling in the minor ministries of everyday sympathy. Thoughtfulness, gentleness, an encouraging smile, a word fitly spoken—the kindness of little things is often forgotten in our selfish heedlessness.

This is a good habit: Never let a day pass without making some one happy.

It may be a cheering word to some hard strugger or a smile to a child or an inquiry about a sick friend or a few flowers.

Trifles?

They are expressions of love, and love is the greatest thing in the world.

Troubles of your own? It will help some to lay a kindly hand on the weary shoulder of another. A touch of kindness is like a rubber ball—it bounds back.

Talk happiness. The world is sad enough without your woes. No path is wholly rough.

Look for the places that are smooth and dear.

And speak of these to rest the weary ear of earth so hurt by one continuous strain of human discontent and grief and pain.

PROGRESS AGAINST CANCER.

The public has learned to be a bit slow in accepting at face value the stories that are circulated at irregular intervals concerning recently discovered cancer cures, says the St. Paul Dispatch. There are many scientists of great ability at work trying to discover a means of protecting humanity against the terrible losses inflicted by the cancer scourge. It seems reasonable to expect that a real cure may be effected at any time and for that reason it is easy for those who may not be very skilled to secure a hearing when they claim to have discovered something worth while. A report has come from Berlin, however, that tends to warrant more than the ordinary degree of attention. Prof. von Aszkenan announces that, in cooperation with Drs. Keisser and Michael, he has obtained remarkably successful results in treating mice by injecting into the veins a preparation of cash and selenium. He is careful to say it does not claim to have a cure. He does contend he has demonstrated that it is possible to reach a tumor by chemical means through the blood, a thing supposed to be impossible. He says that injections of his solution cured the cancers of the mice.

Clothing for hens is a new idea, but it would be rash to condemn it off-hand. A Colorado woman, it is said, took pity on her chickens, which had moulting late in the season, and made them neatly fitting coats and caps of soft flannel in which they strut about apparently comfortable. But this is not all. The flannel-clad hens, so it is gravely asserted, show their gratitude to their mistress by laying eggs every day, just as if the weather were mild instead of chilly. At the present price of eggs, it would not take many to pay for a flannel coat big enough to keep a hen so warm in December, that she might ignore the northern winter climate and lay as industriously at Yuletide as in July. There is a hint for chicken farmers. Let them test it on a small scale and see if it is worth adopting.

Girls of a high school in a long island town struck on account of the absence of a popular principal on the streets in regulation

writer style. This is a mild hint as to the effect of dispensing with discipline and subordination of the former kind in the new system of education in which the idea of self-control is expanded into latitude. Young America needs no incentive for further self-assertion, and many are inclined to think that some old-fashioned ideas about the young idea may be revived with profit.

In Canada an employee of a garage smoked a cigarette over a can of gasoline, with the result that two hundred thousand dollars' worth of property went up in fire. There ought to be special and severe penalties for this specific kind of gross carelessness. In such cases life is jeopardized quite as much as property. In the new crusade for fire prevention careless smokers should have prominent consideration.

Emotional women seldom bring hot-house flowers to the commonplace criminal who is in prison for stealing a cow or picking a pocket. These choice gifts are reserved for the higher class offender who commits a revolting murder.

In Minneapolis a young woman ate hairpins for the purpose of making herself so ill that she might get out of doing housework. A girl like that ought to be permitted to go on the stage. She must have temperament.

A scientist tells us that Eve was not a beautiful woman, but how could Adam tell? Beauty is a matter of comparison, and Eve was leading lady, soubrette and chorus all by herself.

The two Philadelphia malades who took advantage of leap year and popped the question have demonstrated that the staid old town is awakening from its slumbers.

A Albany doctor grafted on a patient's nose which had been knocked from its moorings, and the patient retains all of his old-time beauty. Evidently the doctor nose his business.

The owners of taxicabs in New York are preparing to make money by reducing fares. It can be done anywhere.

The keel of the biggest warship yet has just been laid at Portsmouth, England. There is to be no rest for the German naval architects.

Boston has been experiencing weather cold enough to freeze the sacred codfish.

The days may be growing longer, but what concerns us most is when they will grow warmer.

This is seed time and harvest to the plumber.

MOTHER WAS WORRIED

Because Young Daughter Coughed So Much.—What She Did.

Just think how anxious Mrs. William Archer, of Long Branch, N. J., must have been about her 14 year old daughter. She says: "She was very thin, had a bad cough, was nervous and did not sleep well. Vinol has helped her wonderfully. She can sleep all night now without coughing once, in fact her cough is gone. Her appetite is greatly improved and she has gained weight. I wish every mother knew what Vinol will do for delicate children."

Nothing can possibly be more important than the health of children and that is why we earnestly advise the use of Vinol in all cases where a child is weak, pale, run down, has a cough, or poor appetite. We have seen it make so many children strong and rosy that we believe in it.

Children take Vinol eagerly because it tastes good and it puts new strength into their little bodies. We guarantee Vinol to give perfect satisfaction and give back your money if it does not. The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Mrs. Mason by her skillful treatment produced a considerable growth of hair on my temples in six weeks." Mrs. Mason's Old English Shampoo Cream is now sold by The Andrews Drug Co., and other druggists, Seymour, Ind.

Advertised List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter office.

MEN.

Mr. Barlow.

C. P. McKay.

February 26, 1912.

EDW. A. REMY, Postmaster.

Uncle Ezra Says

"It don't take more'n a gill uv effort to git folks into a peck of trouble" and a little neglect of constipation, biliousness, indigestion or other liver derangement will do the same. If ailing, take Dr. King's New Life Pills for quick results. Easy, safe, sure, and only 25 cents at The Andrews Drug Company.

One Year \$5.00
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In Canada an employee of a garage smoked a cigarette over a can of gasoline, with the result that two hundred thousand dollars' worth of property went up in fire. There ought to be special and severe penalties for this specific kind of gross carelessness. In such cases life is jeopardized quite as much as property. In the new crusade for fire prevention careless smokers should have prominent consideration.

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"Princess Pat" Hat

Photographed by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

The popular Princess Patricia of Connaught's visit to New York is responsible for this beautiful creation of the milliner's art. It is trimmed with blue changeable silk, with two styles of lace, black net, white embroidered dot, and white malinette. Blush roses, buds and leaves are gracefully matched through the lace.

SHOE AND GLOVE FASHIONS SPRING STYLES ALREADY OUT

Black and White is the Combination for Both Articles of Apparel Just Now.

Entirely aside from this question of mourning, every one knows that the combination of black and white is becoming fad this season more than usual. Still it is a surprise to most fashion observers to discover that even the realm of shoes is beginning to show this combination.

Some of the smartest of the new low-cut shoes have white uppers, but shiny black heels and a mere line of black kid about the top.

An ultra smart model has the vamp of soft-finish black and the uppers—white and black—of white.

Black buttons on high white shoes replace the pretty crystal buttons in some instances. Black bows are favored on all white shoes of the "pump" or low Oxford type.

The black heel will be seen on some of the white canvas and buckskin shoes in place of the tan or white covered heel.

Black stockings may be worn with white shoes, or white stockings with black shoes.

Gloves above the same inevitable combination. Some long gloves of white and have narrow diamond-shaped insets of black near the elbow, and long black gloves reverse this order by having insets of white.

FRINGE OF STRAW.

The hat in the drawing is one of the new things. Cut away from the front, the flaps wider and wider at the back, like a long-tail man's sou'wester, or a woman's oilskin. This hat is made of straw in natural color with a wide band of velvet which is edged top and bottom with straw fringe.

Tendency in Skirts.

The skirts to suits are frequently made with a tunic effect, or a side girding over the Dry Goods Economist. Sometimes both sides are pleated, while in others only the left side. The slashed effect, with simulated petticoat, is also excellent, and frequently the slashing is made with an underskirt of self material, and laid in inverted plats so as to give a little more fullness in walking. While there seems to be a slight tendency toward a little more fullness in the skirts, the general effect is one of slouching, and buyers are still asking for skirts that measure from two to two and one-half yards.

Let the Hair Show.

Don't make the mistake that many do of putting their hats down over their foreheads without letting a lock of hair show. It is really necessary to have the hair arranged around the face to soften the features as well as the line between the hat and forehead.

Some Useful Hints for the Girl Who Sews

Girls who have been taking domestic science courses at fashionable boarding schools declare that to get along without a variety of dainty aprons is an impossibility, especially if the embryo housekeeper wishes to preserve the fronts of her frocks from spots.

One girl who sews almost as well as she cooks is making several aprons of plain lawn cut into half ovals, scalloped all round with a color and embroidered with washable floss in outline or shadow stitch. By this means she expects to have luncheon pinafores to accord with every house frock—white embroidered with pale blue; pink, mauve or yellow and dark blue; green and brown relieved with white.

Charming little aprons of half oval, half round, diamond or oblong shape are to be made of finest nainsook, scalloped all round and hand embroidered with white in imitation of the work done in the Madras Islands.

All of the ruffle bordered aprons are fascinating, particularly the round ones which have bowknot and leaf designs embroidered on the lower curve and girdle belts which fit firmly, have embroidered fronts and tie in a little bowknot at the back. The same model is pretty when the hand embroidery and ruffle are omitted and the hemstitched edge is finished with an inch wide frill of Valenciennes or Cluny lace.

Bretelle aprons are always coquettish and nearly always become a slender, girlish figure, but they are more difficult to make than pinafores, because the center panel with its square little bib should be carefully curved to fit into the figure at the waist line and on to it should be attached the narrower side panels, which are shaped above the waist into straps crossing the shoulders and then across the top of the back, where they are joined, so that the apron may be adjusted by drawing the bretelle portion over the head and then securing it about the waist with pink, blue or white satin ribbon sashes.

Nearly all of the bretelle aprons have cunning little hip pockets headed with fine muslin embroidery or lace edging to match the bordering of the pinafore, bib and shoulders, and if a girl wishes to make this sort of luncheon apron exceptionally elaborate she may have the bretelles entirely of all over lace and let them run into narrow panels from the waist to the lower edge.

Practical aprons, meaning the sort which are to be put on over the frock when preparing salad dressing and really mussy concoctions, are made of striped galatea, percale, gingham or madras, and are put on as easily as is an ulster, for they fasten with flat buttons down the left front from shoulder to hem, have big sewed in sleeves with band cuffs and a deep patch pocket on each hip. To make one take as a model any narrow skirted, one piece house frock which closes in front, allowing, however, for slightly wider seams and wider shoulders, so that the garment will go over even a velvet frock if desired.

It has been wisely said that whoever has once mastered the art of the simpler forms of Irish crochet work has at command an endless variety of ways in which to utilize the product of the tiny steel hook. Above all, the roses of fine imported Irish lace thread can be applied in so many dainty and original ways that the girl of wisdom finds them an invaluable resource when designing for herself those small accessories which give the keynote of a costume.

For articles of fine linen or of any wash material the roses of the Irish

thread are, naturally, the sort to use. But on silk or cloth those crocheted from a twisted silk made charming and unique variants from passementerie. A girl who loves to experiment with such useful arts has just finished for herself a little girdle which is the admiration of all who see it. The foundation at the back is a shaped piece of crinoline or some such stiffened lining about eight inches wide.

This is covered with the white crepe de chine of which the girdle is made and trimmed with "up and down" rows of white silk roses. To each end of the shaped back section the soft front pieces of the girdle are shirred, and these are long enough to join in a graceful knot in front and to fall sash-like almost to the edge of the dress skirt, where they are finished with a triplet of silken crocheted blossoms apiece, from the center of each of which hangs a tassel of the same white silk.

This same girl has crocheted more elaborate motifs of pale rose silk for her sister's pet dancing frock of the same shade and a set of handsome black silk—unlike anything to be found in the shops—for a well beloved aunt, whose dinner gown they will shortly adorn most attractively.

Gloves Are Larger.

Golf, tennis and other athletic exercises have caused the hands of girls and women to grow larger than formerly. Despite that fact they still wear the same size gloves. The reason was explained the other day by a dealer in women's gloves. He said that gloves were made to deceive not so much the wearer as the persons who looked at them. The gloves are made in so-called "full sizes," and when a woman asks for a $5\frac{1}{2}$ glove, knowing that her hand is too large to get in it the saleswoman invariably hands her out a $5\frac{1}{2}$ glove, and it always fits.

The extra sizes have been made to please the women and, perhaps, to get their trade. Though young girls who play golf, and who have rather large hands, glov in the fact that they wear a No. 7 glove, they usually long for smaller sized gloves when they get older, and when they inquire for them in the glove shop they invariably get them.

IN VOGUE.

Plain, flat revers will be a predominating feature in spring suits.

Taffetas will be used a great deal in millinery during the coming season.

Draped toques of satin and changeable taffetas are extremely fashionable.

The liking for glowing red tones is evidenced in the newest gowns from Paris.

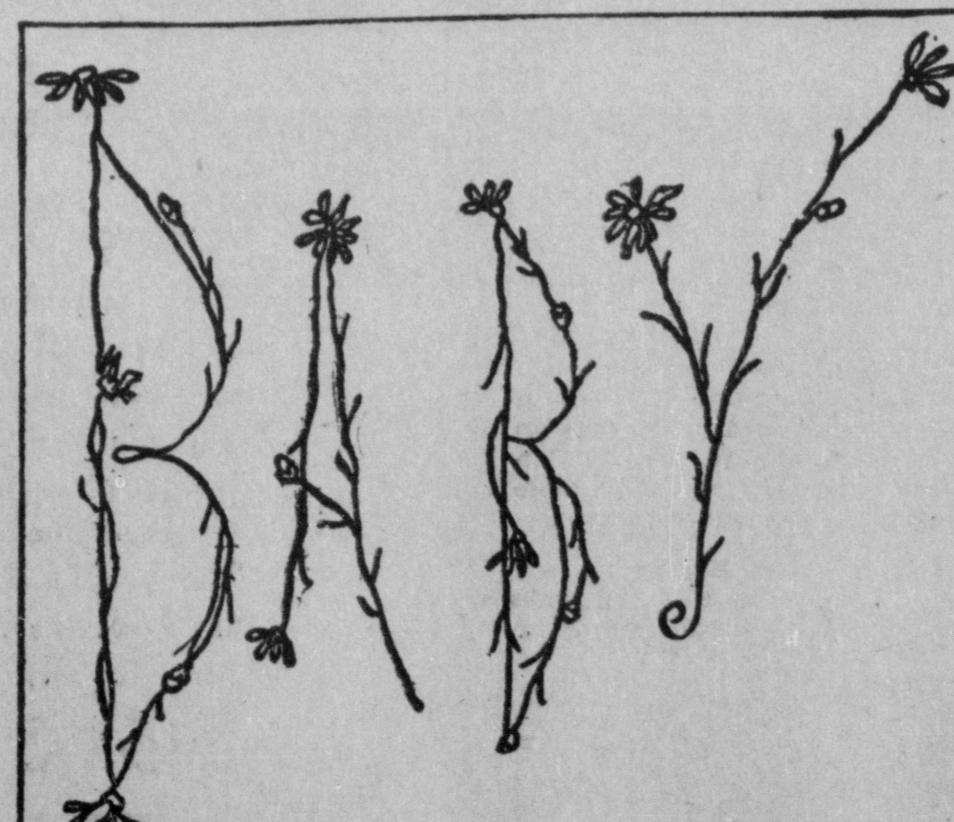
Pearl decorations have a wonderful popularity; they "belong" everywhere.

First hats for spring are either small and close or large and high brimmed.

There is a new cutaway coat, 36 inches long, single breasted, perfectly plain sleeves and very snug in fit.

There is a new sleeveless coat with a cape back crossing in front like a fichu. Puffings and ruchings of taffeta are used on frocks or serges.

Fichus continue to be fashionable. Tulle either plain or fringed, is the favorite material for making these pretty, cloud-like trimmings. They are used frequently to trim negligees of crepe de chine or soft satin.

For Baby's Pillow

This pretty work embroidered on a sheer linen cover will make a dainty pillow for the baby. The flowers should be worked solid and the stems in the over and over stitch, very closely and evenly done. Mercerized cotton No. 30 will be suitable.

Designs in Soft Caps

The astonishment of some of us and the delight of all, American women are developing a liking for soft caps, most of them for indoor wear. The day now begins with the breakfast cap of sheer silk, over-draped with net or lace and trimmed with ribbons and little flowers, and ends with the theater cap of cloth-of-gold or silver, jeweled and feathered. There are all sorts of gradations in material and design.

For the street, made caps of beaver-cloth, velvet satin, plush, many of them fur-trimmed, are fascinating from the standpoint of becomingness and most comfortable for winter wear. At present, at least four caps are required for wear during each 24 hours. The fresh, dainty breakfast cap, the cap for out-of-doors, the sparkling evening cap and the simple and useful sleeping cap. Besides these, there are sweeping caps, plain and easily laundered, which are necessities and not luxuries, and occasion comes for their use.

Most breakfast or morning caps are made with a soft crown of liberty silk over which is draped either net or lace, and a ruffle of lace which makes the frill about the face and neck. All the support such a cap needs is a circle of fine shirring or ribbon wire. The crown is a plaque of silk, overlaid with lace, cut in a circle 18 inches in diameter. This is gathered about the edge and sewed to the wire, or laid in a narrow hem, through which the wire is thrust. The frill of lace is sewed to the wire and the cap finished with a collar and bows of ribbon. Sometimes the frill is turned back across the front, hanging over the ears and neck. Again, the frill at the front is omitted, and the cap finished with a flat band of ribbon extending across the forehead to the ears. Narrow ribbons from No. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to No. 5 are used in rosettes and finished with long hanging loops.

EXERCISE ADDS TO CHARM

Thing for Women to Keep in Mind Is the Necessity for Proper Selection.

It is curious to find that, with all the modern athleticism of girls and their fervid devotion to outdoor sports, they still cannot compete (except at tennis) with the more stolid and muscular male.

At dancing, to be sure, which is nowadays a high form of athleticism, the premiere danseuse not only competes but outshines the particular youth with whom she gyrates and bounds, but dancing, after all, is more an affair of long practice than of actual muscular strength. The most exquisite dancer of the present time declares that athletics need not make women ungraceful, as so many people fear they do. She protests that the more she dances the more graceful she can make herself, which is easy to believe.

All her movements, however, are on strictly esthetic lines, which tend to make the body supple and beautiful.

The danger to feminine attractions lies in games like hockey and golf, in which the most odd postures must be assumed in order to succeed at all. On a horse a woman can look perfectly graceful and yet perform much the same deeds of prowess as a man.

The prudent girl should choose carefully the kind of exercise which will not rob her of her feminine charm, though it is probable that the woman of the future will be built on robust lines, and that the young man of her period will not fail to find her adorable.

Hat Ornaments.

One of the practical and universally becoming trimmings being put on to straw hats for the south are the wing, plume or aigrette-like ornaments made of shadow lace, tulle or other gauze. While these hat trimmings are usually simple in number, a single ornament such as the ones mentioned being as much as is needed, the size of the ornaments is often very large. These made feather arrangements admit of a great variety of shapes and effects.

PRETTY THEATER WAIST.

This attractive waist is of light green marquisette of chiffon cloth with kimono sleeves. It is trimmed with bands of ecru lace or embroidery and ornamented in front with olives and cord to match this embroidery.

The under sleeves or cuffs are of white lace.

Gilding Laces.

One clever woman who appreciates artistic touches on her gowns and hats discovered while gliding little fancy things for Christmas that laces are made very beautiful by applying to them a coat of gilt paint.

She experimented at first with old bits of lace, and found the result so satisfactory that some yards of coarse imitation Irish lace were gilded and used as trimming on an evening gown.

To do gilding, lay the lace perfectly flat over a clear piece of blotting paper and apply the gilt with a brush. Let one side dry, turn and repeat the process on the other side.

If necessary, apply two coats of paint.

Silver and copper can be applied in the same way. Lace treated thus is very for all sorts of fancy work, besides trimming for gowns and hats.

GOING TO FIGHT MINE STRIKERS

British Government Seeking a Way Out of Trouble.

MAY TAKE OVER THE MINES

As a Land Resort, in Order to Save the Country From Complete Industrial Disaster, Government Ownership of the Great Collieries of England May Be Started to.—Biggest Strike in Now in Progress.

March 1.—All the underground workers in England, Wales and Scotland except a comparative few who were permitted to remain and care for the safety of the pits, ceased work at midnight last night, and the great coal strike is on. Over a million men were affected, and this number will be augmented daily through the industries which are dependent on the fuel supply for their existence.

Expected that if the strike is prolonged for three weeks 500,000 men will be thrown out of work. It is impossible to estimate the multitude that will be ultimately affected, but it is so at least certain to bring a general paralysis of British trade.

Although the strike is really in progress, the negotiations are not at an end and Premier Asquith is expected to announce drastic action by parliament if the situation is not changed. The government is determined by all means in its power to prevent a paralysis of industry.

Mr. Asquith in making an appeal for a settlement to the miners' federation, declared that if the government's recognition of the minimum wage principle did not bring about an agreement between the disputants the government could secure it by other means.

This is a hint of an intention to pass a bill fixing a minimum wage legally. If such action fails to relieve the situation the government is prepared to go still further, perhaps to the extent of taking over and operating the mines. Mr. Asquith in his speech to the miners' federation was emphatic in indicating that the ministry would refuse to let the strike proceed. The collieries said, were the life-blood of the country's industry and in the concern of mining lay the very root not only of its prosperity, but of its existence. "We," he said, "are now face to face with a warfare which will paralyze all the other industries of the country."

The miners are jubilant over the recognition by the government wage principle. They have funds enough in their treasury to pay every employee now out. They intend to give ten shillings (\$2.50) per week to every miner and smaller amounts to unskilled men and boys. The money in the treasury will last at least a month.

Reverting to a question by Keir Hardie, labor member of parliament, in the house, Reginald McKenna, the home secretary, said troops would be sent to the collieries only at the request of magistrates. The government, he said, was prepared to respond to all such calls. It had been distributing troops ostensibly for maneuvers to the vicinity of the principal points where trouble was due.

GIVES THE REASON

Governor Dix Explains Why He Didn't Pardon Brandt.

New York, March 1.—Governor Dix explained in a formal statement why he declined to pardon Folke E. Brandt. Brandt's own application for pardon says the governor, was based on statements reflecting upon the honor of a woman, mentioned by name, who is a member of Mortimer L. Schiff's household. Mr. Dix emphasizes the point that the pardon application was made by Brandt and that the prisoner seeking to make a case for himself as guilty of a crime more abhorrent than that for which he was condemned—false accusations against the purity of a woman.

The governor says that while frankly and deliberately he refused clemency for the reason that Brandt in his efforts to get a pardon had not scrupled to attack the honor of a woman and to invade the sanctity of a home, he did not, in addition, escape from the conclusion that Brandt was actually a burglar and that Brandt's conviction and sentence were proper and just.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p.m. yesterday follow:

Temp. Weather	
New York..... 26	Clear
Boston..... 26	Clear
Denver..... 6	Cloudy
San Francisco, 48	Cloudy
Chicago..... 14	Clear
Indianapolis..... 21	Pt. Cloudy
St. Louis..... 26	Clear
New Orleans..... 27	Snow
Washington.....	

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WELL?

Many Seymour People Know the Importance of Healthy Kidneys.

The kidneys filter the blood. They work night and day. Well kidneys remove impurities. Sick kidneys allow impurities to multiply.

No kidney ill should be neglected. There is grave danger in delay.

If you have backache or urinary troubles.

If you are nervous, dizzy or worn out.

Begin treating your kidneys at once;

Use a proven kidney remedy.

None endorsed like Doan's Kidney Pills.

Recommended by thousands.

Proved by home testimony.

Mrs. Robert Metz, 314 W. Brown St., Seymour, Ind., says: "I consider Doan's Kidney Pills the best kidney medicine I ever used. Another member of my family also took this preparation with great benefit. We are never without a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills in the house."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's and take no other.

Fifty Years Ago Today.

March 1.

The famous Taiping rebels of China were repulsed in an attack on Shanghai. The American adventurer, Frederick T. Ward, defended the city with a force which formed the nucleus of Chinese Gordon's "ever victorious army."

At Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., the United States gunboats Tyler and Lexington fired upon the Confederate shore batteries.

Twenty-five Years Ago Today.

Charles Stewart Parnell, Irish home rule champion, was again defeated in the British parliament.

A WARNING TO MANY.

Some Interesting Facts Regarding Health Statistics.

Few people realize to what extent their health depends upon the condition of the kidneys.

The physician in nearly all cases of serious illness, makes a chemical analysis of the patient's urine. He knows that unless the kidneys are doing their work properly, the other organs cannot be brought back to health and strength.

When the kidneys are neglected or abused in any way, serious results are sure to follow. According to health statistics, Bright's disease which is really an advanced form of kidney trouble, caused nearly ten thousand deaths in 1910, in the state of New York alone. Therefore it behoves us to pay more attention to the health of these most important organs.

An ideal herbal compound that has had remarkable success as a kidney remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

The mild and healing influence of this preparation is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of cures.

If you feel that your kidneys require attention, and wish a sample bottle, write to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Mention this paper and they will gladly forward it to you absolutely free, by mail.

Swamp-Root is sold by every druggist in bottles of two sizes—50c. and \$1.00.

Egyptian Archaeology.

The British School of Archaeology in Egypt, one of the most important organizations in this realm of research, aims in the coming season to prosecute its explorations in the two great centers of early civilization—Memphis, the historic capital, and Heliopolis, the prehistoric capital.

The latter is more bound up with the earlier Hebrew narratives in the book of Genesis than any other city in Egypt, and as two parts of it already show remains of the earliest dynasties, there seems to be some prospect of at last reaching back to the prehistoric kingdom and revealing the development of civilization in its earliest forms.

At Memphis the school has hired the site of one of the large granite pylons of the metropolitan temple as a center for work, and other labors will be attempted which will extend over a generation or more.

Many Driven From Home.

Every year, in many parts of the country, thousands are driven from their homes by coughs and lung diseases. Friends and business are left behind for other climates, but this is costly and not always sure. A better way—the way of multitudes—is to use Dr. King's New Discovery and cure yourself at home. Stay right there, with your friends, and take this safe medicine. Throat and lung troubles find quick relief and health returns. Its help in coughs, colds, hoarseness, hooping-cough and sore throats is a positive blessing. See our advertisement in this paper for details.

RANDALL F. DAVIDSON

Archbishop of Canterbury Orders Prayers For Cessation of Strike.



MUTINY RIFE IN CHINA'S CAPITAL

Mutinous Soldiers Indulge In An Orgy of Plunder.

TORCH FOLLOWS THE LOOTING

Starting Out by Burning Their Barracks, 2,000 Discontented Capital Guards Arm Themselves and Enter Upon a Systematic Pillage of Peaking's Richer Shops, Burning and Slaying as They Went.

Peking, March 1.—The greater portion of the Tartar city has been destroyed, and it is impossible at the moment to make any prediction as to where the flames will stop. Ten great fires are raging in the northern section of the city, and they are spreading. The shooting is lessening, the mutineers having apparently used up most of their ammunition. They are now leaving the city with their horses laden with loot, apparently content after their orgy of violence and plunder.

The soldiers, armed with rifles and bayonets, each with about 100 rounds of ammunition, started out by burning their barracks. They then ransacked the shops. The ones they liked best were those of the goldsmiths, silver-smiths, pawnbrokers and art stores. When the shopkeepers were compliant and made no resistance they were unharmed, but anyone who made a fight was ruthlessly shot down or bayoneted. Many of the owners of shops escaped to the roofs while the soldiers were battering down the doors of their stores. The plunder was hastily and roughly bundled into blankets and baskets. Many police and coolies joined the soldiers in the plundering.

So far as can be learned no foreigners were hurt, though some had narrow escapes from flying bullets. Early in the rioting the legations sent out patrols to escort all foreigners to the legation quarters. It was thought at one time that the mutineers contemplated an attack on the legations. Bullets whistled over some of them and several dropped harmlessly in the American compound. The republican delegates from Nanking are among the refugees in the legation quarter.

The mutineers numbered about two thousand. Their discontent is variously ascribed to the fact that they have not been paid and to the order compelling them to cut off their queues. The outbreak began near the Chinese foreign office. The officials rushed into President Yuan Shih Kai's office shouting, "Your excellency, save yourself!" Yuan, without moving a muscle, replied, "I will stay around."

There was more firing beneath Yuan's window, but apparently there was no attempt to attack the president. The loyal troops shot down many of the looters, but the Manchu police held aloof throughout except when they joined the rioters. The American legation quarter is thoroughly prepared to resist any possible attack.

The richest parts of the city were sacked and there was immense and wanton destruction. The happenings were a repetition on a far greater scale of the experiences of other cities during the rebellion. The loss by fire and destruction of property in addition to the looting is incalculable. The soldiers sacked the town of Yungpingfu two days ago.

GETTING AT FACTS

More Interesting Testimony About the Express Companies.

Washington, March 1.—In the investigation which the interstate commerce commission is making into the rates, rules and regulations of the express companies of the country, interesting testimony as to stock ownership between express companies and railroads was brought out. While W. A. Worthington, assistant director of maintenance and operation for the Union and Southern Pacific systems, was on the stand he was questioned by Attorney Frank Lyon, the commission's counsel, as to a twenty-year contract entered into between the Southern Pacific and the Wells Fargo company in 1893. Under Mr. Lyon's questioning it developed that the express company was willing to pay the Southern Pacific 55 per cent of its receipts, but the railroad demanded and received 40 per cent and in addition a bonus of 16,000 shares of a par value of \$1,600,000. Further questioning developed the fact that the Southern Pacific in the past year sold this stock to the American Express company and the money they obtained for it, together with the dividends the railroad has drawn, has amounted to \$16,000,000.

Mr. Lyon stated that this gave the railroad company since 1893 60 per cent of the express company's receipts on its lines.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.02. Corn—No. 2, 68c. Oats—No. 2, 54½c. Cattle—Steers, \$23.00@26.00; mixed, \$22.00@24.50. Cattle—\$3.00@8.25. Hogs—\$5.00@6.60. Sheep—\$2.00@3.75. Lambs—\$3.50@6.50. Receipts—5,000 hogs; 750 cattle; 400 sheep.

At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.02½. Corn—No. 3, 65½c. Oats—No. 2, 53c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00@8.60. Hogs—\$5.55@6.45. Sheep—\$2.25@4.75. Lambs—\$4.25@7.00.

At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.02½. Corn—

No. 3, 65½c. Oats—No. 2, 53c. Cattle—

Steers, \$5.00@8.60. Hogs—\$5.55@6.45.

Sheep—\$2.25@4.75. Lambs—\$4.25@7.00.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.02. Corn—

No. 3, 65½c. Oats—No. 2, 53c. Cattle—

Steers, \$5.00@8.60. Hogs—\$5.55@6.45.

Sheep—\$2.25@4.75. Lambs—\$4.25@7.00.

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Sheep—\$2.25@4.75. Lambs—\$4.25@7.00.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.02½. Corn—

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

You Can
Get
What You
Want
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CRACKER JACK RANCH—2280
acres, owner wanting to raise account
advanced acre. For sale quick, easy
terms, fenced, cross fenced, good
buildings, feed yards, scales, cold
storage, large reservoirs fed from
several artesian wells, plenty of
shale, corn all off the land. Stock
here repeatedly topped Chicago
markets. Prices write quick. For
all particulars write Chas. D. Lam-
bert, Manager, F. A. Reynolds Land
Co., Kimball, S. D.

FOR SALE—Four room cottage
two squares from round house.
Phone 352. mldtf

FOR SALE—Remington typewriter,
good condition, \$30. Inquire here.
ml

FOR SALE—Up-right piano in
good condition. Inquire here. f19dtf

FOR SALE—Gillette Safety Razor.
Inquire here. m2d

FOR RENT—7 room house, gas
and water. E. C. Bollinger. f27tf

FOR RENT—House, five rooms,
large hall, cellar, gas, water, central
location. J. L. Blair. Phone 263.
f19dtf

FOR RENT—A comfortable 7 room
house, near the center of the city.
Inquire here. j17dtf

ROOMS—Good, clean rooms, new
furnishings. Transient and regular
patronage solicited. Woolery Room-
ing House, S. W. corner Walnut St.
and St. Louis Ave. m4d

FOR SALE—Two stacks timothy
hay, 33¢ per bushel south Seymour. Phone
through Farmington exchange. B. F.
F. D. 2. m7d

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and
carriage. Inquire 110 South Chest-
nut street. d&w-tf

FOR SALE—Extra good young
horses, fresh. Homer Perry, R. F. D. 1.
Seymour. m2d&w

FOR SALE—Leather, Mahogany
517 North Walnut street.
m1std

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and
minimum temperatures as shown by
the government thermometers at the
Seymour volunteer weather observa-
tion station and reported by J. Robt.
Blair, observer. The figures are for
twenty-four hours ending at noon:

Max.	Min.
March 1, 1912	34

Weather Indications.

Fair tonight and Saturday. Not
much change in temperature.

TAKES HIS CASE INTO THE COURT

Alleged Contract for Sale of
Electric Line Disregarded.

THE PURCHASER IS WILLING

But in Complaint Filed in Superior
Court at Indianapolis, Boston Man
Says the Defendant Owners of the
Indianapolis, Newcastle & Toledo
Electric Line Refuse to Comply With
Terms of Alleged Agreement of Sale.

Indianapolis, March 1.—Asking the
court to compel the defendants to car-
ry out a contract which is alleged to
have been made between the plaintiff
and defendants in regard to the sale of
the Indianapolis, Newcastle & Toledo
Electric Railway company, which is
owned by the defendants, Richard W.
Ruffin of Boston has brought suit in
superior court against David M. Parry
and others.

Ruffin says the owners of the road,
David M. Parry, Heskie D. Parry, Wil-
liam E. Stevenson and Margaret W.
Stevenson agreed to sell him the road
for \$900,000 June 15, 1911. The deal
was to have been consummated by
Feb. 20, 1912, it is alleged, and the
plaintiff says he is ready to comply
with the agreement made last June,
but that the defendants refuse to give
him a warranty deed for the property.
It is alleged that Ruffin was to assume
all the liens and encumbrances on and
against the property and that he was
to pay to David M. Parry the differ-
ence between \$900,000 and the total
amount of the liens and encumbrances.
Ruffin alleges that the de-
fendants have failed and refused to
furnish him with a statement of the
amount of the liens and encumbrances
and that he does not know how much
he owes Parry and the others.

Ruffin asks the court to order Parry
and the others to carry out the con-
tract and to make them furnish a
statement of the claims against the
property. He asks that a commission-
er be appointed to carry out the sale.

FINALLY GOT IT

Heirs Receive Money Held by State
For More Than Twenty Years.

Mrs. Kate Beem died February 17
at Luther, Mich. She had been a
paralytic for eight years. She was
a daughter of John and Sarah Phifer,
deceased, who were residents of this
county.

The case of Branaman vs. Arthur,
set for trial in the circuit court
Thursday, was postponed on account
of the difficulty of witnesses from
Owen township reaching Brownstown
because of the high waters.

Lovell and Orville Bottorff enter-
tained the following persons from
Columbus last evening at their home
on West Second street: Mary Arnold,
Adle Herden, Rusy Masters,
Verna Herden, Glen Newton, Joe
Richards, Denny Turner and Clar-
ence Eckelman.

The grand jury which has been in
session all week will adjourn today
until Monday. It is having a large
amount of business this term and
numerous indictments are expected.
A large number of witnesses from
Seymour are being summoned.

Conductors of the B. & O. South-
western have complained about the
new suits which have been furnished
them, saying they cannot keep the
coats buttoned. The conductors will
be allowed to have new pockets put
in the suit to fit their convenience.

William E. Lucas of Washington
who while an employee of the B. & O.
S.W. was badly injured in a wreck
at Flora, Ill., has filed suit in the latter
state against the company for
\$5,000 damages. The suit is filed
under the provisions of the federal
employers' liability act.

Henry L. Bennet of Medora, Ind.,
Lula E. Thompson of Washington Co.,
Ind., were married at the Methodist
Parsonage last Wednesday afternoon,
by Rev. H. Jos. Black. The groom
was dressed in the conventional
black, the bride in a most beautiful
suit of cream wool trimmed with
lace. They were accompanied by
the groom's sister, Mabel Bennett,
and by the bride's sister, Iva M.
Thompson.—Salem Democrat.

Beatrice Wiley, the 20-year-old girl
of Geneva, Ind., who was found in an
East Wabash street resort two weeks
ago and who was tried in the Police
Court and sent to the Faith Home,
where she escaped Saturday night
with Bertha Holland yesterday, was
turned over to her grandfather, James
Wiley of Bridgeport, Ind., by Judge
Collins. The old man begged pitifully
to be allowed to take charge of the
girl and promised that he would take
good care of her. The Holland girl
was sent to Seymour, Ind., her home,
last night, by Matron Reisner.—In-
dianapolis Star.

EDWIN W. SIMS

Secretary of the National Com-
mittee of Roosevelt Boosters.



Alleged Contract for Sale of
Electric Line Disregarded.

THE PURCHASER IS WILLING

But in Complaint Filed in Superior
Court at Indianapolis, Boston Man
Says the Defendant Owners of the
Indianapolis, Newcastle & Toledo
Electric Line Refuse to Comply With
Terms of Alleged Agreement of Sale.

Indianapolis, March 1.—Asking the
court to compel the defendants to car-
ry out a contract which is alleged to
have been made between the plaintiff
and defendants in regard to the sale of
the Indianapolis, Newcastle & Toledo
Electric Railway company, which is
owned by the defendants, Richard W.
Ruffin of Boston has brought suit in
superior court against David M. Parry
and others.

Ruffin says the owners of the road,
David M. Parry, Heskie D. Parry, Wil-
liam E. Stevenson and Margaret W.
Stevenson agreed to sell him the road
for \$900,000 June 15, 1911. The deal
was to have been consummated by
Feb. 20, 1912, it is alleged, and the
plaintiff says he is ready to comply
with the agreement made last June,
but that the defendants refuse to give
him a warranty deed for the property.
It is alleged that Ruffin was to assume
all the liens and encumbrances on and
against the property and that he was
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CUT COUPON OUT NOW. THERE IS NO TIME FOR DELAY.

REPUBLICANS ATTENTION!

All those who favor Roosevelt's nomination fall in line. Fill out the
following and mail to the Jackson County Roosevelt Club, P. O. Box 82,
Seymour, Ind.

Enroll me as a member of the Jackson County Roosevelt Club. I
will work and vote for Roosevelt delegates on Convention day, March 23, 1912.

Name _____

(Write plain) Address.....

EVERY DAY

We are receiving new customers, as well as retaining the old
ones, which is conclusive proof that we are giving the best inducements.
The quality of our goods is the highest and our prices
matchless. And in addition to this we give valuable premiums,
amounting to a two per cent. discount, with every \$5, \$7.50 or \$10
worth of goods you buy.

Don't take a chance in buying your grass seed for your lawns.
Ours is absolutely new seed just received and you can buy a full
pound package for.....

1 gallon can best Harness Oil for.....

Have you noticed that our 22c Coffee has a flavor the equal of
28c grades? I have had the fact mentioned to me time and again by
some of my trade. Why not investigate?

6 only, Durham Duplex Safety Razors left.....

RAY R. KEACH
EAST SECOND ST. COUNTRY STORE

Bozzell's Meat Market

Out of the High Rent District

We can save you money on anything you want in the meat line.

Don't hesitate, but order at once
for your Sunday dinner.

Butterine (substitute butter) at 20c per lb.

When ordering by phone, call 118.

DELZIE BOZZELL

226 S. Walnut St.

Just Received an EXTRA
LARGE Line of Samples of

INGRAIN CARPETS

Prices from 35c to 65c per yd. Will take
your order and lay carpet in two days.
Call and see this extra fine assortment.

Room Size Rugs, 9x12—Prices Right. Straw Mat-
tings—Prices from 15c to 25c per yard.

W.H. REYNOLDS

21-23, South Chestnut St.

Phone 163.

New Fruit and Vegetable Market

Now open for business, with a full line of Lettuce, New Spinach, New Kale,
Green Onions, New Radishes, Parsley, Cauliflower, Hot House Rhubarb,
Celery, Carrots, Turnips, new supply of Grape-fruit, largest Pineapples
that can be secured, fancy California and Navel Oranges, all sizes, Ba-
nanas, Cranberries, White Soup Beans, Cocoanuts, Dry Onions, Cabbage,
Sweet Potatoes, Irish Potatoes and Apples of all kinds. FRESH EVERY
DAY. Your patronage will be appreciated. Prompt delivery of all orders.

20 Indianapolis Ave. CHARLES MURT Seymour, Indiana.

Want Ads in The Republican Get Results

DeVault & Grayson
Second St., Seymour, Ind.

List Your Farm and City Property
WITH

DeVault & Grayson